
nominally

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Nominally simplifies and parses a personal name written in [Western name order](#) into six core fields: title, first, middle, last, suffix, and nickname.

Typically, *nominally* is used to parse entire lists or [pd.Series](#) of names en masse. This package includes a command line tool to parse a single name for convenient one-off testing and examples.

FOR RECORD LINKAGE

Nominally is designed to assist at the front end of record linkage, during data preprocessing.

Varying quality and practices across institutions and datasets introduce noise into data and cause misrepresentation. This increases the challenges of deduplicating rows within data and linking names across multiple datasets. We observe this by-no-means-exhaustive list:

- First and middle names split arbitrarily.
- Misplaced prefixes of last names (e.g., “van” and “de la”).
- Records with multiple last names partitioned into middle name fields.
- Titles and suffixes variously recorded in fields and/or with separators.
- Inconsistent capture of accents and other non-ASCII characters.
- Single name fields concatenating name parts arbitrarily.

In attempting to match someone named Ramsay Jackson Canning across data, one may uncover

- R.J. CANNING JUNIOR
- Canning, Ramsay J.
- Ramsay “R.J.” Jackson Canning
- Dr. Ramsay Jackson Canning, M.D.
- Ramsay J. Canning, Jr.
- canning, jr., dr. ramsay

—and so on.

Nominally can’t fix *all* of your data problems (sorry).

But it can help by **consistently extracting the most useful features of personal names** under the highly restrictive case of a single string name field. *Nominally aggressively cleans*, scrapes titles, nicknames, and suffixes, and parses apart first, middle, and last names. In the list above (and many, many variations beyond), *nominally* correctly captures each Canning as a last name, each R(amsay) as a first, both types of suffix, and so forth.

CONTENTS

2.1 Use

2.1.1 Installation

Install in the normal way:

```
$ pip install nominally
```

Working on a project [within a virtual environment](#) is highly recommended:

```
$ python3 -m venv .venv
$ source ./venv/bin/activate
(.venv) $ pip install nominally
Collecting nominally
  Downloading [...]nominally-1.0.3-py3-none-any.whl
Collecting unicodecode>=1.0 (from nominally)
  Downloading [...]Unicodecode-1.1.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl
Installing collected packages: unicodecode, nominally
Successfully installed nominally-1.0.3 unicodecode-1.1.1
```

Nominally requires Python 3.6 or higher and has one external dependency ([unicodecode](#)).

2.1.2 `parse_name()` function

The `nominally.api.parse_name()` function returns the five core fields:

```
>>> from pprint import pprint
>>> import nominally
>>> parsed = nominally.parse_name('Samuel "Young Sam" Vimes II')
>>> pprint(parsed)
{'first': 'samuel',
 'last': 'vimes',
 'middle': '',
 'nickname': 'young sam',
 'suffix': 'ii',
 'title': ''}
```

2.1.3 `Name()` class

Additional features are exposed via the `nominally.parser.Name` class:

```
>>> from pprint import pprint
>>> from nominally import Name
>>> n = Name('Delphine Angua von Uberwald')
>>> pprint(n.report())
{'cleaned': {'delphine angua von uberwald'},
 'first': 'delphine',
 'last': 'von uberwald',
 'list': ['', 'delphine', 'angua', 'von uberwald', '', ''],
 'middle': 'angua',
 'nickname': '',
 'parsed': 'von uberwald, delphine angua',
 'raw': 'Delphine Angua von Uberwald',
 'suffix': '',
 'title': ''}
>>> n.raw
'Delphine Angua von Uberwald'
>>> n.cleaned
{'delphine angua von uberwald'}
>>> n.first
'delphine'
>>> n['first']
'delphine'
>>> n.get('first')
'delphine'
>>> pprint(dict(n))
{'first': 'delphine',
 'last': 'von uberwald',
 'middle': 'angua',
 'nickname': '',
 'suffix': '',
 'title': ''}
```

2.1.4 From the Console

For convenience, single names can be run at the command line.

```
$ nominally "St John Nobbs, Cecil (Nobby) Wormsborough"
raw: St John Nobbs, Cecil (Nobby) Wormsborough
cleaned: {'st john nobbs, cecil wormsborough', 'nobby'}
parsed: st john nobbs, cecil (nobby) wormsborough
list: ['', 'cecil', 'wormsborough', 'st john nobbs', '', 'nobby']
title:
first: cecil
middle: wormsborough
last: st john nobbs
suffix:
nickname: nobby
```

2.1.5 Extended Examples

See <https://github.com/vaneseltine/nominally-examples/> for detailed examples of nominally usage.

2.2 FAQ

2.2.1 Input format

Nominally does one thing: take a name and parse it.

The name must be received as a Unicode string. If you are working with bytes as input, you will first need to decode them.

For assistance in working with Unicode strings, see:

- Python 3 Documentation, “Unicode HOWTO”
- Ned Batchelder, “Pragmatic Unicode”
- Joel Spolsky, “The Absolute Minimum Every Software Developer Absolutely, Positively Must Know About Unicode and Character Sets (No Excuses!)”

Nominally takes input one name at a time. For ideas about how to use Nominally on a larger scale, to work with entire lists, DataFrames, files, or databases, see <https://github.com/vaneseltine/nominally-examples/>.

2.2.2 Name cleaning

Nominally does not create or tag canonical names.

Strings are *aggressively* cleaned.

For specifics, see `nominally.parser.Name.clean()`

2.2.3 Name ordering

We only handle *Western name order*. No effort is made to disentangle or rearrange names based on their origins.

We do not preserve suffix or title ordering. Treat these as sets.

2.2.4 Titles and suffixes

We handle few suffixes:

- PhD
- MD
- Sr
- Junior, Jr, II, 2nd, III, 3rd, IV, 4th

We handle very few titles:

- Dr.
- Mr.
- Mrs.
- Ms.

These are treated as unordered sets.

2.2.5 Library

The Name class creates immutable instances.

2.2.6 See Also

More great Python packages in the record linkage community include:

- [Python Record Linkage Toolkit](#) by Jonathan de Bruin
- [Dedupe Python Library](#) by Forest Gregg and Derek Eder
- [RLTK: Record Linkage ToolKit](#) by the USC Center on Knowledge Graphs

2.3 Reference

Herein find documentation for the gory details of *nominally*.

2.3.1 API

`nominally.api.parse_name(s: str) → Dict[str, Any]`
Parse into Name, return core name attributes as a dict.

This is the simplest function interface to *nominally*.

`nominally.api.cli(arguments: Optional[Sequence[str]] = None) → int`
Simple CLI with a minimal set of options.

1. Report of a single name (parse into details).
2. Help via usage information. [help, -h, -help]
3. Version information. [-V, -version]

`nominally.api.cli_help() → int`
Output help for command line usage

`nominally.api.cli_report(raw_name: str, details: bool = True) → int`
Parse into Name, output (core or report) attributes.

`nominally.api.cli_version() → int`
Output version info and script location

2.3.2 Name

class `nominally.parser.Name(raw: str = "")`
A personal name, separated and simplified into component parts.

detail

classmethod `clean(s: str, *, condense: bool = False, final: bool = False) → str`
Clean this string to the simplest possible representation (but no simpler).

Note: Assumes that any nicknames have already been removed, along with anything else that would depend on special characters (other than commas).

```

static strip_pointlessness (s: str) → str
__eq__ (other: Any) → bool
    If Name is parsable and object dicts are identical, consider it equal.
__str__ () → str
    Output format: “last, title first middle suffix (nickname)”
    • “organs, mr harry x, jr (snapper)”
    • “organs, mr harry x, jr”
    • “organs, mr harry x”
    • “organs, harry x”
    • “organs, harry”
    • etc.

property parsable
    Return true if any valid name values were created.

property raw
    Return the original input string.

property cleaned
    Return some set of cleaned string parts.

first
last
middle
nickname
report () → Dict[str, Any]
    Return a more-or-less complete parsing dict.

suffix
title

```

2.4 About

Nominally is a program to separate commonly-used parts of personal names. Copyright (C) 2021 Matt VanEseltine.

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Logo

The nominally logo is based on a licensed copy of [Head](#) by [Andrei Yushchenko](#) at [The Noun Project](#).

nameparser

Nominally began in mid-2019 as a fork of the [Name Parser](#) package (v. 1.0.4, [ce92f37](#)). Name Parser is copyright (C) 2014-2019 Derek Gulbranson and licensed herein under the GNU Lesser General Public License, version 2.1.

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